Multimorbidity and working life expectancy among adults aged ≥50 years: findings from the Finnish Public Sector Study





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Background and aim

- Population is ageing and old age dependency ratio increasing
- Policies to promote people working for longer
- Facilitators and barriers to working among older adults?
- Aim: to examine multimorbidity (the co-occurrence of multiple chronic diseases) as a determinant of working life expectancy (WLE) among adults aged ≥50 years

Methods

- · Multimorbidity: self-reported physician diagnoses of 8 chronic diseases, augmented with data from nationwide registers
- Work participation: time spent working at age 50 up to 68 years from nationwide register of pensionable earnings
- Multistate models to estimate working life expectancies (WLEs) and 95% confidence intervals
- R: msm (multi-state survival models) to predict transition probabilities across three states (working, not working and dead) and elect to estimate WLEs



Key findings

- Multimorbidity at age ≥50 years --- > 2-3 years shorter working life expectancy
- Similar pattern in women and men
- Shorter WLE (up to ~9 months) among workers in lower occupational positions

Results 1. Working life expectancy by sex

Multimorbidity		Men		Women					
Number of diseases	WLE	95%	6 CI	WLE	95%	5% CI			
0	13.48	13.40	13.55	13.46	13.41	13.51			
1	13.06	12.97	13.14	13.06	13.01	13.10			
2	12.72	12.63	12.80	12.72	12.66	12.77			
3+	12.40	12.28	12.51	12.44	12.37	12.51			

Physician-diagnosed chronic diseases: Respiratory disease* Hypertension' Coronary heart disease' Musculoskeletal disease Migraine Depression Diabetes* Cancer* * Augmented with register data



Results 2. Working life expectancy by sex and occupational position

	Men										Women									
	Professional occupations			Intermediate occupations		Routine occupations		Professional occupations		Intermediate occupations			Routine occupations							
Multimorbidity	WLE	95% CI		WLE	959	6 CI	WLE 95% CI		WLE	95% CI		WLE	95% CI		WLE 95%		6 CI			
Number of diseases	_																			
0	13.87	13.78	13.95	13.53	13.43	13.62	13.11	13.03	13.20	13.84	13.78	13.90	13.53	13.47	13.59	13.10	13.04	13.16		
1	13.45	13.36	13.54	13.12	13.02	13.22	12.70	12.61	12.79	13.44	13.37	13.49	13.13	13.07	13.20	12.70	12.65	12.76		
2	13.11	13.01	13.20	12.78	12.66	12.89	12.36	12.25	12.45	13.09	13.02	13.16	12.79	12.71	12.86	12.36	12.28	12.42		
3+	12.80	12.68	12.91	12.46	12.31	12.58	12.04	11.89	12.17	12.82	12.72	12.89	12.51	12.42	12.60	12.08	11.99	12.16		

Study participants

Age ≥50 years at baseline data collection in 2000-2002, 2004, 2008 or 2011-2012:

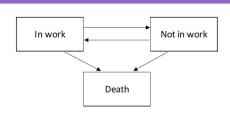
> Incomplete data on chronic diseases, age, sex or socioeconomic position: 2 092 (4.4%)Incomplete data on work status in 2000-2018: 653 (1.4%)

Included in the analyses: 44 943

- · Finnish Public Sector study
- · Dynamic, occupational cohort linked to registers
- Employees in 10 municipalities and 21 public healthcare hospitals
- Age 18 to 64



Multistate model to estimate working life expectancy



Earnings and Accrual Register

- Data on pensionable earnings for all people resident in Finland
- Age 18 up to 68 years



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