

### Interprofessional practice enhances social and healthcare students' competence in patient-oriented care

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# Background

- Social and healthcare education should provide students skills for interprofessional cooperation during their education.<sup>1</sup>
- Interprofessional cooperation can provide quality and need-based care for the patients. <sup>2,3</sup>
- Interprofessional practice is a learning model where two or more students from different disciplines work together and take care of patients as a team.<sup>4</sup>
- In previous studies, interprofessional practice has positively affected on students' learning outcomes<sup>5</sup> and patients' satisfaction with care<sup>6,7</sup>.

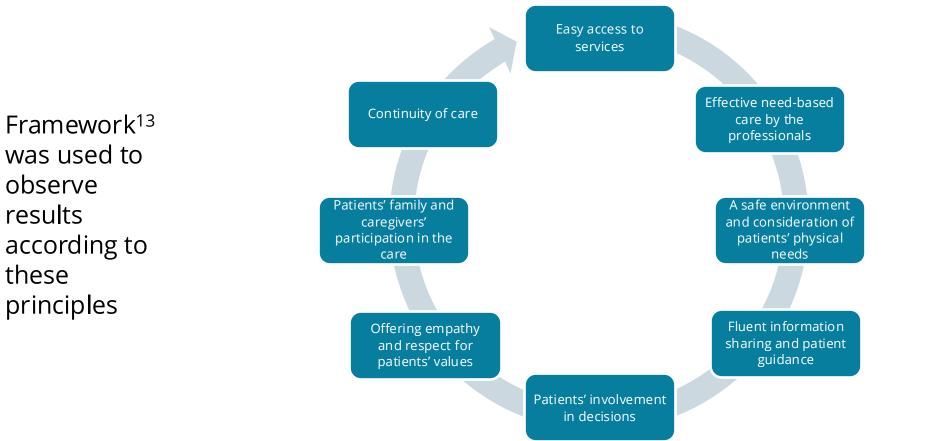


# Background

- Patient-oriented care requires patients' active role in the care process, including possibilities to be listened to, participating in care planning, and shared-decision making. <sup>8,9,10.</sup>
- The key elements include timely access to care and attention to individuality. <sup>11</sup>
- Patients' participation in service development has increased.<sup>12</sup>



# Picker Institute Principles (2023) of person-centered care





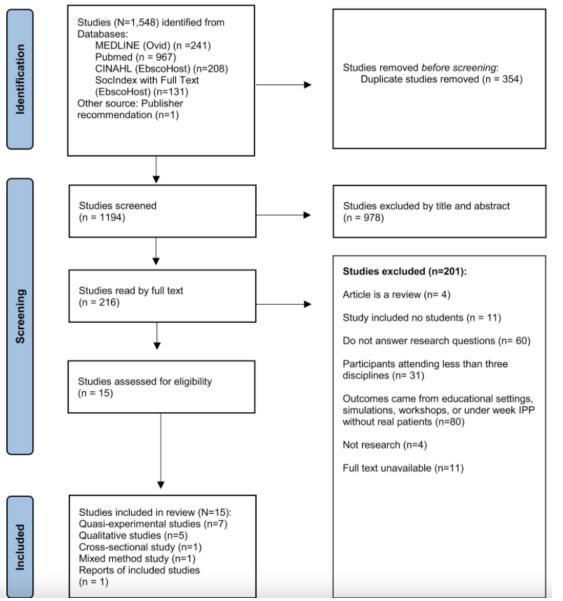
# Study aim and method

- Aim was to synthesise the findings of previous literature related to social and healthcare students' competence in patient-oriented care in interprofessional practice
- A scoping review with a thematic analysis<sup>14</sup>
- Research question: How students' competence in patientoriented care was enhanced during the interprofessional practice?



# **Review process**

- Total of 1,548 studies in four databases (Medline, Pubmed, CINAHL, SocIndex) were systematically conducted according to PRISMA guidelines<sup>15</sup>
- Inclusion criteria: social or healthcare students, original study, participants attending the practice three or more from different disciplines, practice was performed in the real health care unit and with real patients.
- Resulting in 15 studies included
- Quality was assessed according to JBI<sup>16</sup> quality appraisal tools

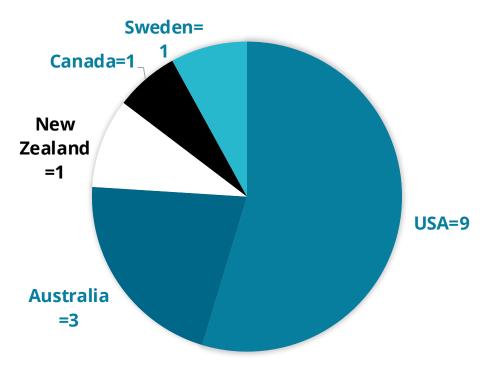




### Results

- Participating students varied from 12-380, patients 6-250.
- Quantitative studies (n=7), qualitative studies (n=5), mixedmethod (N=1), and report (n=1).
- Five of selected studies included perspectives of patients, thus, these are reported also in this review.

#### **STUDY COUNTRIES (N=15)**





### Results



Themes according to the research question: Understanding roles and responsibilities in patient-oriented care, Interprofessional communication, and Collaborative patient-oriented care



Patients' experiences of patient-oriented care

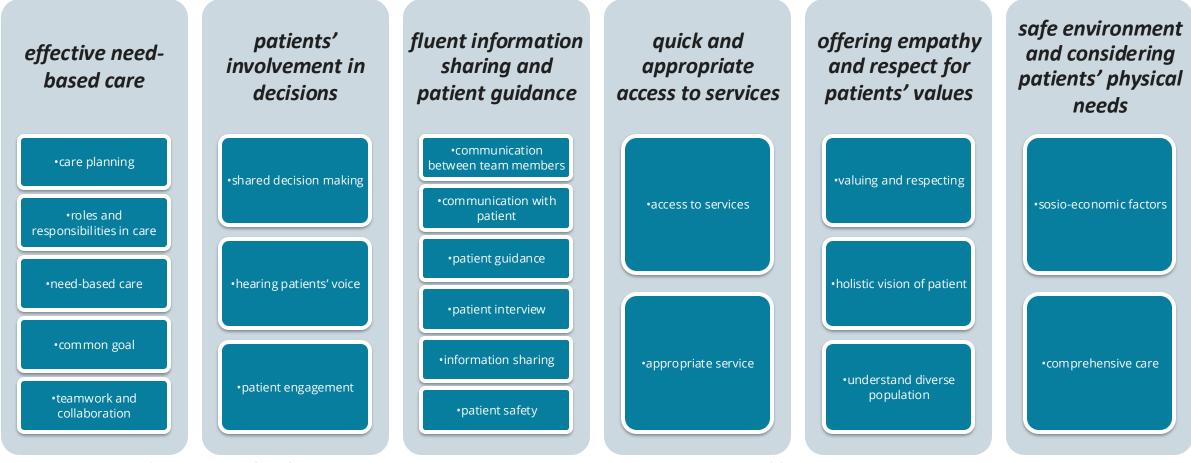
# Results

- Understanding roles and responsibilities in patient-oriented care
  - Sub-themes: Role clarification, Responsibilities of care, Personal development
- Interprofessional communication
  - Sub-themes: Patient safety, Improved communication skills, Communication barriers, Debriefing huddles
- Collaborative patient-oriented care
  - Sub-themes: Teamwork significance, Problem-solving resources, Care planning, Patient engagement,
- Patient experiences
  - Sub-themes: Sharing information, Need-based care, Respecting patient, Received care, Health results, Care involvement

Sub-themes included codes, which are observed according to the person centered care principles<sup>8</sup>



### Discussion: codes according to competence using person centered care framework



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# Conclusions

- Competence areas of fluent information sharing and patient guidance, as well as provision of need-based care, emerged in the results.
- Interprofessional collaboration enhances students' competence in comprehensive patient care, assessing patients' needs, and providing efficient care.
- Interprofessional practice increases students' ability to take responsibility of care, which may be challenging to achieve in simulations or other educational methods or interventions without real patients.
- Patients, who received care from the interprofessional student team, experiences were positive.
- Further studies should focus on assessing students' competence in patientoriented care using valid instruments.



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Thank you for your interest!

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